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## I claim:

- A non-naturally occurring plant, comprising an ectopically expressed nucleic acid molecule encoding a plant anti-death (PAD) polypeptide or active fragment
   thereof, said non-naturally occurring plant characterized by increased resistance to biotic or abiotic stress.
  - 2. The non-naturally occurring plant of claim 1, wherein said PAD polypeptide has substantially the amino acid sequence of tomato PAD-1 (SEQ ID NO:2).

3. The non-naturally occurring plant of claim 2, wherein said PAD polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of tomato PAD-1 (SEQ ID NO:2).

- 4. The non-naturally occurring plant of claim 1, 15 wherein said PAD polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of an ortholog of tomato PAD-1.
  - 5. The non-naturally occurring plant of claim 1, which is a transgenic plant.
- 6. The transgenic plant of claim 5, wherein said ectopically expressed nucleic acid molecule encoding a PAD polypeptide is operatively linked to an exogenous regulatory element.
- 7. The transgenic plant of claim 6, said nucleic acid molecule comprising an exogenous nucleic acid molecule encoding a PAD polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of an ortholog of tomato PAD-1.

- 8. The transgenic plant of claim 6, wherein said exogenous regulatory element is a constitutive regulatory element.
- 9. The transgenic plant of claim 6, wherein said 5 exogenous regulatory element is an inducible regulatory element.
- 10. The transgenic plant of claim 5, which is selected from the group consisting of a rice, corn, wheat, 10 soybean, common fruit and ornamental flower plant.
  - 11. The transgenic plant of claim 5, which is a grass.
- 12. The transgenic plant of claim 11, which is a 15 turf grass.
  - 13. A tissue derived from a transgenic plant, said plant comprising an ectopically expressible nucleic acid molecule encoding a PAD polypeptide and characterized by increased resistance to biotic or abiotic stress.
- 20 14. The tissue of claim 13, which is a seed.
  - 15. The tissue of claim 13, which is a fruit.
- 16. A method of increasing the resistance of a plant to biotic or abiotic stress, comprising ectopically expressing in said plant a nucleic acid molecule encoding a plant anti-death (PAD) polypeptide or active fragment thereof.

- 17. The method of claim 16, comprising introducing into said plant a nucleic acid molecule encoding a PAD polypeptide or active fragment thereof, thereby increasing the resistance of said plant to biotic or abiotic 5 stress.
  - 18. An isolated polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence encoding a plant anti-death (PAD) polypeptide or an active fragment thereof.
- 19. The isolated polypeptide of claim 18, wherein said PAD polypeptide has substantially the amino acid sequence of tomato PAD-1 (SEQ ID NO: 2).
  - 20. The isolated polypeptide of claim 19, wherein said PAD polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of tomato PAD-1 (SEQ ID NO: 2).
- 15 21. The isolated polypeptide of claim 18, wherein said PAD polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of an ortholog of tomato PAD-1.
- 22. An isolated nucleic acid molecule, comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a tomato Bax20 inhibitor-1 (BI-1) polypeptide or active fragment thereof, provided that said nucleic acid molecule is not GenBank accession AI771102.
- 23. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 22, wherein said tomato BI-1 polypeptide has substantially 25 the amino acid sequence of tomato BI-1 (SEQ ID NO: 4).

- 24. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 23, comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 4.
- 25. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 5 24, comprising the nucleic acid sequence SEQ ID NO: 3.
  - 26. A vector, comprising a nucleic acid molecule encoding a tomato Bax inhibitor-1 (BI-1) polypeptide or active fragment thereof, provided that said nucleic acid molecule is not GenBank accession AI771102.
- 10 27. The vector of claim 26, which is a plant expression vector.
  - 28. The vector of claim 26, wherein said tomato BI-1 polypeptide has substantially the amino acid sequence of tomato BI-1 (SEQ ID NO: 4).
- 29. A non-naturally occurring plant, comprising an ectopically expressed nucleic acid molecule encoding a tomato Bax inhibitor-1 (BI-1) polypeptide or active fragment thereof, said non-naturally occurring plant characterized by increased resistance to biotic or abiotic stress.
- 30. The non-naturally occurring plant of claim 29, wherein said tomato BI-1 polypeptide has substantially the amino acid sequence of tomato BI-1 (SEQ ID NO: 4).

- 31. The non-naturally occurring plant of claim 30, wherein said tomato BI-1 polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of tomato BI-1 (SEQ ID NO: 4).
- 32. The non-naturally occurring plant of 5 claim 29, which is a transgenic plant.
  - 33. The transgenic plant of claim 32, wherein said ectopically expressed nucleic acid molecule encoding a tomato BI-1 polypeptide is operatively linked to an exogenous regulatory element.
- 34. The transgenic plant of claim 33, wherein said exogenous regulatory element is a constitutive regulatory element.
- 35. The transgenic plant of claim 33, wherein said exogenous regulatory element is an inducible regulatory 15 element.
  - 36. The transgenic plant of claim 32, which is selected from the group consisting of a rice, corn, wheat, soybean, common fruit and ornamental flower plant.
- 20 37. The transgenic plant of claim 32, which is a grass.
  - 38. The transgenic plant of claim 37, which is a turf grass.

- 39. A tissue derived from a transgenic plant, said plant comprising an ectopically expressible nucleic acid molecule encoding a tomato BI-1 polypeptide and characterized by increased resistance to biotic or abiotic 5 stress.
  - 40. The tissue of claim 39, which is a seed.
  - 41. The tissue of claim 39, which is a fruit.
- 42. A method of increasing the resistance of a plant to biotic or abiotic stress, comprising ectopically

  10 expressing in said plant a nucleic acid molecule encoding a tomato Bax inhibitor-1 (BI-1) polypeptide or active fragment thereof.
- 43. The method of claim 42, comprising introducing into said plant a nucleic acid molecule encoding a tomato BI-1 polypeptide or active fragment thereof, thereby increasing the resistance of said plant to biotic or abiotic stress.
- 44. An isolated polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence encoding tomato BI-1 or an active fragment 20 thereof.
  - 45. The isolated polypeptide of claim 44, wherein said tomato BI-1 has substantially the amino acid sequence of tomato BI-1 (SEQ ID NO: 4).

46. The isolated polypeptide of claim 45, wherein said tomato BI-1 has the amino acid sequence of tomato BI-1 (SEQ ID NO: 4)